Canadian Initial Public Offerings and Public-Market Statistics

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My sample of IPOs is a more conservative definition of what an IPO is compared to many other data providers. In particular, I am interested in operating company IPOs that invest, produce goods or services, and employ workers. This definition is also consistent with U.S. IPOs studies, and data reported by Jay Ritter (<u>https://site.warrington.ufl.edu/ritter/ipo-data/</u>). By staying consistent with U.S. and other international studies, I am able to draw comparisons between markets.

More specifically, my sample focuses on Canadian incorporated IPOs, and excludes exchange traded funds (ETFs), closed-end funds (CEFs), unit trusts (which also excludes REITs), and special purpose acquisition companies (SPACs). I include unit offers and I do not require a minimum offer price as in U.S. studies: in U.S. studies, IPOs with an offer price of \$5.00 or less are excluded since they are considered penny stocks. However, in Canada, given the size and nature of the market, unit offers and offer prices less than \$5.00 are much more common, and they are not deemed to be penny stocks. Gross proceeds are in 2022 inflation-adjusted Canadian dollars.

The TSX Venture Exchange statistics include Capital Pool Companies, or CPCs (formerly Junior Capital Pool Companies, or JCPs) since the structure has been an important form of go-public transaction for early-stage companies. The data prior to 2001 is based on the predecessor junior stock exchanges (Alberta Stock Exchange, Vancouver Stock Exchange, and the Winnipeg Stock Exchange).

The data is mainly drawn from the Financial Post Advisor database and the TMX Group. I also manually check data points and update the data accordingly. Therefore, you may see changes depending on when you access the data.

The tables are ordered as follows:

Table 1: Annual Statistics for IPOs on the TSX, 1986-2022 Table 2: Annual Statistics for IPOs on the TSX-V (and its predecessor exchanges), 1993-2022 Table 3: Annual Statistics for Graduations from the TSX-V to the TSX, 1984-2022 Table 4: Annual Number of TSX Listings, 2002-2022 Table 5: Annual Number of TSX-V Listings, 2002-2022

Updated: March 31st, 2023

Table 1: Annual Statistics for IPOs on the TSX, 1986-2022

In 1986-2000, an average of 35 operating companies went public every year In 2001-2022, an average of 14 operating companies went public every year

| Year | # of IPOs | Mean Gross Proceeds (\$) | Median Gross Proceeds (\$) | Aggregate Gross Proceeds (\$) |
|------|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1986 | 84 | 38.71 | 24.76 | 3,251.51 |
| 1987 | 57 | 117.56 | 30.92 | 6,701.17 |
| 1988 | 13 | 44.23 | 3.64 | 575.05 |
| 1989 | 12 | 87.44 | 33.63 | 1,049.3 |
| 1990 | 5 | 403.52 | 71.63 | 2,017.62 |
| 1991 | 6 | 231.11 | 73.9 | 1,386.65 |
| 1992 | 13 | 195.91 | 52.2 | 2,546.89 |
| 1993 | 83 | 71.23 | 38.06 | 5,912.25 |
| 1994 | 46 | 109.75 | 27.88 | 5,048.57 |
| 1995 | 19 | 208.8 | 28.31 | 3,967.19 |
| 1996 | 49 | 59.69 | 39.81 | 2,924.73 |
| 1997 | 48 | 145.71 | 38.21 | 6,993.91 |
| 1998 | 28 | 142.07 | 75.25 | 3,978.01 |
| 1999 | 21 | 355.16 | 69.49 | 7,458.38 |
| 2000 | 34 | 229.13 | 59.99 | 7,790.38 |
| 2001 | 7 | 156.11 | 62.62 | 1,092.78 |
| 2002 | 7 | 143.72 | 84.26 | 1,006.03 |
| 2003 | 5 | 126.08 | 99.23 | 630.4 |
| 2004 | 29 | 129.47 | 65.38 | 3,754.74 |
| 2005 | 35 | 72.22 | 47.66 | 2,527.75 |
| 2006 | 31 | 102.69 | 51.91 | 3,183.45 |
| 2007 | 34 | 113.54 | 56.53 | 3,860.44 |
| 2008 | 10 | 67.84 | 45.00 | 678.43 |
| 2009 | 5 | 449.43 | 371.25 | 2,247.13 |
| 2010 | 23 | 249.7 | 74.64 | 5,743.17 |
| 2011 | 13 | 106.92 | 51.57 | 1,389.95 |
| 2012 | 6 | 188.07 | 162.23 | 1,128.44 |
| 2013 | 11 | 138.19 | 63.65 | 1,520.09 |
| 2014 | 8 | 487.44 | 254.57 | 3,899.5 |
| 2015 | 11 | 366.43 | 178.61 | 4,030.68 |
| 2016 | 3 | 170.61 | 66.19 | 5,11.84 |
| 2017 | 16 | 271.23 | 153.13 | 4,339.71 |
| 2018 | 7 | 145.66 | 159.27 | 1,019.61 |
| 2019 | 3 | 161.42 | 156.21 | 484.25 |
| 2020 | 7 | 510.94 | 178.26 | 3,576.58 |
| 2021 | 33 | 225.65 | 125.07 | 7,446.36 |
| 2022 | 1 | 808.23 | 808.23 | 808.23 |

Table 2: Annual Number of IPOs on the TSX-V (and its predecessor exchanges), 1993-2022

In 1993-2000, an average of 56 operating companies and 103 CPCs went public every year In 2001-2022, an average of 22 operating companies and 72 CPCs went public every year

| Year | IPO | СРС | Total |
|------|-----|-----|-------|
| 1993 | 71 | 41 | 112 |
| 1994 | 57 | 100 | 157 |
| 1995 | 50 | 90 | 140 |
| 1996 | 64 | 101 | 165 |
| 1997 | 91 | 143 | 234 |
| 1998 | 48 | 123 | 171 |
| 1999 | 34 | 99 | 133 |
| 2000 | 32 | 130 | 162 |
| 2001 | 18 | 106 | 124 |
| 2002 | 18 | 45 | 63 |
| 2003 | 23 | 29 | 52 |
| 2004 | 22 | 87 | 109 |
| 2005 | 37 | 86 | 123 |
| 2006 | 45 | 102 | 147 |
| 2007 | 49 | 181 | 230 |
| 2008 | 35 | 152 | 187 |
| 2009 | 18 | 52 | 70 |
| 2010 | 38 | 98 | 136 |
| 2011 | 45 | 111 | 156 |
| 2012 | 42 | 78 | 120 |
| 2013 | 10 | 37 | 47 |
| 2014 | 4 | 21 | 25 |
| 2015 | 2 | 13 | 15 |
| 2016 | 0 | 17 | 17 |
| 2017 | 10 | 36 | 46 |
| 2018 | 11 | 93 | 104 |
| 2019 | 11 | 58 | 69 |
| 2020 | 7 | 30 | 37 |
| 2021 | 12 | 87 | 99 |
| 2022 | 14 | 71 | 85 |

| Year | IPO | СРС |
|------|-----|-----|
| 1984 | 3 | 0 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 1 | 0 |
| 1987 | 1 | 0 |
| 1988 | 3 | 0 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 3 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 1 | 0 |
| 1994 | 3 | 0 |
| 1995 | 3 | 1 |
| 1996 | 9 | 2 |
| 1997 | 4 | 19 |
| 1998 | 6 | 7 |
| 1999 | 32 | 2 |
| 2000 | 11 | 15 |
| 2001 | 15 | 12 |
| 2002 | 18 | 11 |
| 2003 | 30 | 17 |
| 2004 | 41 | 17 |
| 2005 | 31 | 15 |
| 2006 | 51 | 16 |
| 2007 | 53 | 19 |
| 2008 | 35 | 10 |
| 2009 | 16 | 4 |
| 2010 | 24 | 16 |
| 2011 | 35 | 10 |
| 2012 | 19 | 8 |
| 2013 | 12 | 8 |
| 2014 | 13 | 9 |
| 2015 | 7 | 2 |
| 2016 | 11 | 5 |
| 2017 | 8 | 8 |
| 2018 | 7 | 5 |
| 2019 | 14 | 7 |
| 2020 | 13 | 7 |
| 2021 | 19 | 17 |
| 2022 | 10 | 6 |

 Table 3: Annual Number of Graduations from the TSX-V to the TSX, 1984-2022

| Year | Operating Companies | ETFs, CEFs and SPACs | REITs | Total |
|------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|
| 2002 | 1166 | 151 | 23 | 1340 |
| 2003 | 1110 | 206 | 24 | 1340 |
| 2004 | 1143 | 253 | 25 | 1421 |
| 2005 | 1085 | 426 | 26 | 1537 |
| 2006 | 1153 | 415 | 30 | 1598 |
| 2007 | 1194 | 391 | 28 | 1613 |
| 2008 | 1206 | 338 | 26 | 1570 |
| 2009 | 1088 | 349 | 25 | 1462 |
| 2010 | 1089 | 396 | 31 | 1516 |
| 2011 | 1093 | 465 | 29 | 1587 |
| 2012 | 1040 | 498 | 31 | 1569 |
| 2013 | 981 | 510 | 41 | 1532 |
| 2014 | 921 | 552 | 42 | 1515 |
| 2015 | 857 | 589 | 41 | 1487 |
| 2016 | 816 | 626 | 40 | 1482 |
| 2017 | 797 | 667 | 37 | 1501 |
| 2018 | 767 | 720 | 36 | 1523 |
| 2019 | 754 | 784 | 34 | 1572 |
| 2020 | 727 | 878 | 35 | 1640 |
| 2021 | 759 | 954 | 36 | 1749 |
| 2022 | 750 | 1003 | 36 | 1789 |

Table 4: Annual Number of TSX Listings, 2002-2022

| Year | Operating | CPCs | Total |
|------|-----------|------|-------|
| | Companies | | |
| 2002 | 2,329 | 175 | 2,504 |
| 2003 | 1,899 | 92 | 1,991 |
| 2004 | 1,849 | 99 | 1,948 |
| 2005 | 1,908 | 112 | 2,020 |
| 2006 | 1,939 | 141 | 2,080 |
| 2007 | 1,940 | 236 | 2,176 |
| 2008 | 1,981 | 281 | 2,262 |
| 2009 | 1,960 | 218 | 2,178 |
| 2010 | 2,021 | 133 | 2,154 |
| 2011 | 2,088 | 162 | 2,250 |
| 2012 | 2,088 | 170 | 2,258 |
| 2013 | 2,026 | 115 | 2,141 |
| 2014 | 1,917 | 54 | 1,971 |
| 2015 | 1,750 | 41 | 1,791 |
| 2016 | 1,614 | 34 | 1,648 |
| 2017 | 1,602 | 51 | 1,653 |
| 2018 | 1,597 | 110 | 1,707 |
| 2019 | 1,530 | 143 | 1,673 |
| 2020 | 1,520 | 129 | 1,649 |
| 2021 | 1,543 | 159 | 1,702 |
| 2022 | 1,523 | 190 | 1,713 |

Table 5: Annual Number of TSX-V Listings, 2002-2022